



BUNDESGESELLSCHAFT
FÜR ENDLAGERUNG

Anlage 14 (zum Datenbericht Mindestanforderungen gemäß § 23 StandAG und geowissenschaftlichen Abwägungskriterien gemäß § 24 StandAG)

Schichtenverzeichnis Bohrung Sögel 2

Stand 21.09.2020

Hinweis:

Vorliegender Datenbericht zeigt alle entscheidungserheblichen Daten, die mit Stand 07.09.2020 gemäß den Regelungen und Verfahren nach dem Geologiedatengesetz veröffentlicht werden können. Siehe auch BGE 2020I Teil 3 von 4.

Entscheidungserhebliche Daten und Tatsachen für die geowissenschaftlichen Abwägungskriterien

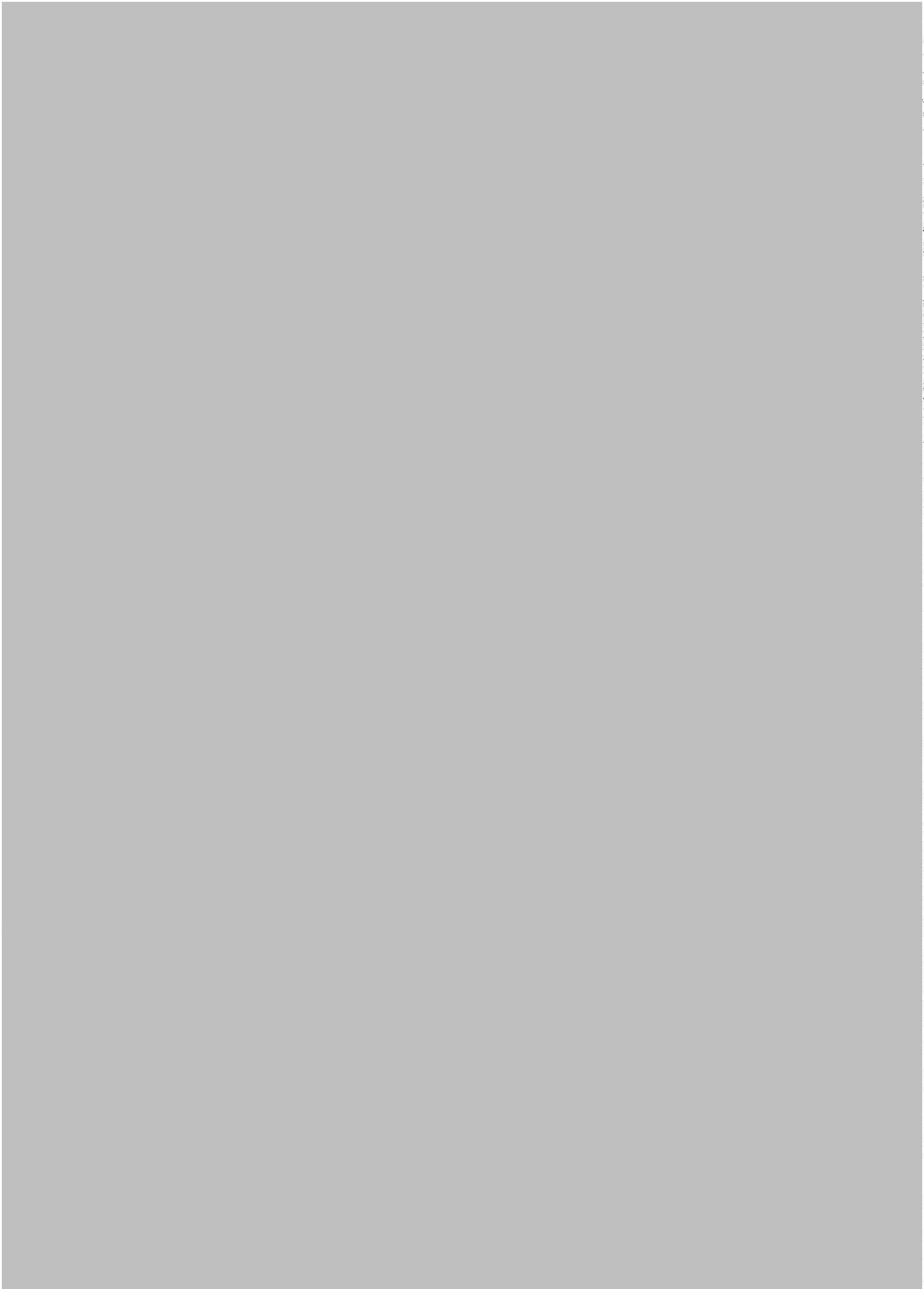
Die Veröffentlichung von entscheidungserheblichen Tatsachen und Erwägungen, hier geologische Daten, erfolgt nach dem Gesetz zur staatlichen geologischen Landesaufnahme sowie zur Übermittlung, Sicherung und öffentlichen Bereitstellung geologischer Daten und zur Zurverfügungstellung geologischer Daten zur Erfüllung öffentlicher Aufgaben (Geologiedatengesetz – GeolDG).

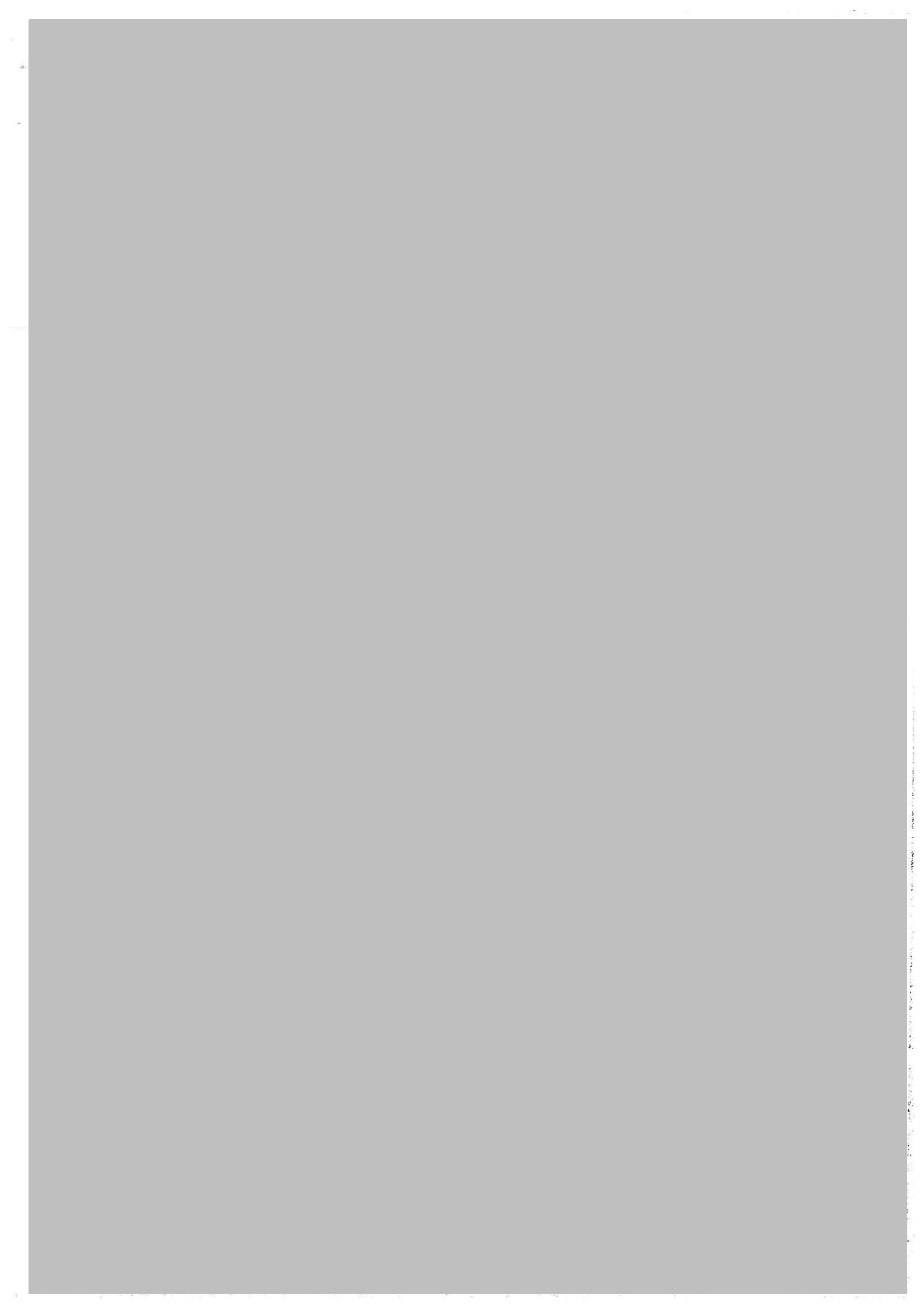
Das GeolDG löst das Lagerstättengesetz ab und nach § 1 GeolDG (GeolDG) regelt es die staatliche geologische Landesaufnahme, die Übermittlung, die dauerhafte Sicherung und die öffentliche Bereitstellung geologischer Daten sowie die Zurverfügungstellung geologischer Daten zur Erfüllung öffentlicher Aufgaben, um den nachhaltigen Umgang mit dem geologischen Untergrund gewährleisten und Geogefahren erkennen und bewerten zu können. Geologische Daten werden insbesondere auch für das Standortauswahlverfahren nach dem Standortauswahlgesetz (StandAG) benötigt.

Das GeolDG trat mit dem 30.06.2020 in Kraft, so dass seitens der BGE, den Landesministerien und Landesbehörden ab diesem Zeitpunkt mit den Verfahren nach dem GeolDG zur Kategorisierung und öffentlichen Bereitstellung geologischer Daten begonnen werden konnte. Die erforderlichen Verfahren waren aufgrund ihres Umfangs nicht in dem bis zur Veröffentlichung bestehenden Zeitraum umzusetzen. Insofern werden nach dem 28.09.2020 weitere geologische Daten veröffentlicht werden. Die Veröffentlichung erfolgt mit Hilfe einer Revision des vorliegenden Datenberichtes. Dabei werden die bisher im vorliegenden Bericht weiß abgedeckten Bereiche nicht weiter abgedeckt, sondern die „darunter liegenden“ Daten sichtbar gemacht.

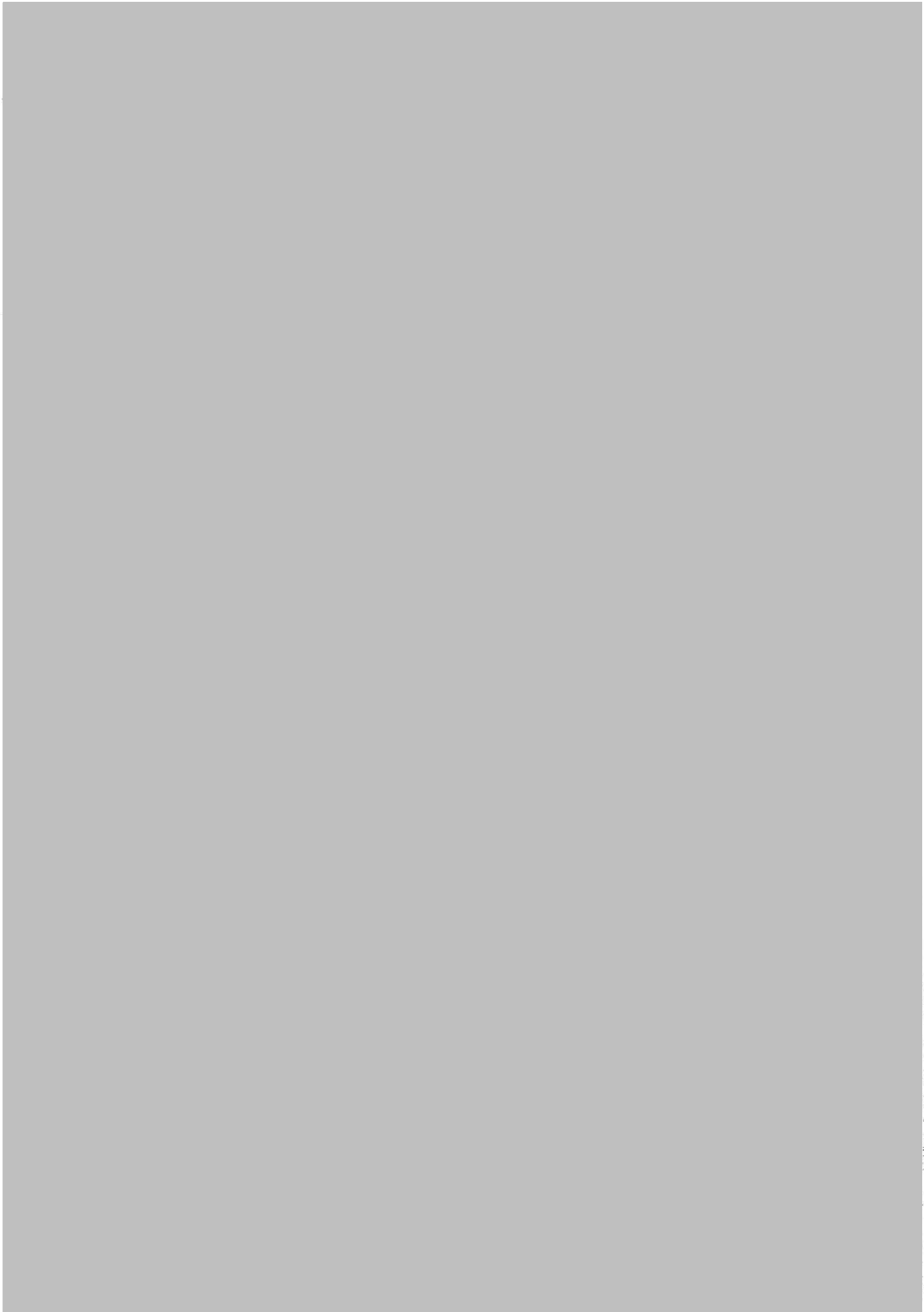
Mit diesen Anlagen sind der untersetzenden Unterlage (BGE 2020I) die entscheidungserheblichen Daten zu den Mindestanforderungen und geowissenschaftlichen Abwägungskriterien angefügt. Die darin angegebenen Koordinaten beziehen sich dabei immer auf die den identifizierten Gebieten und Teilgebieten zugrundeliegenden Daten und beschreiben damit nicht zwingend das Teilgebiet selbst.

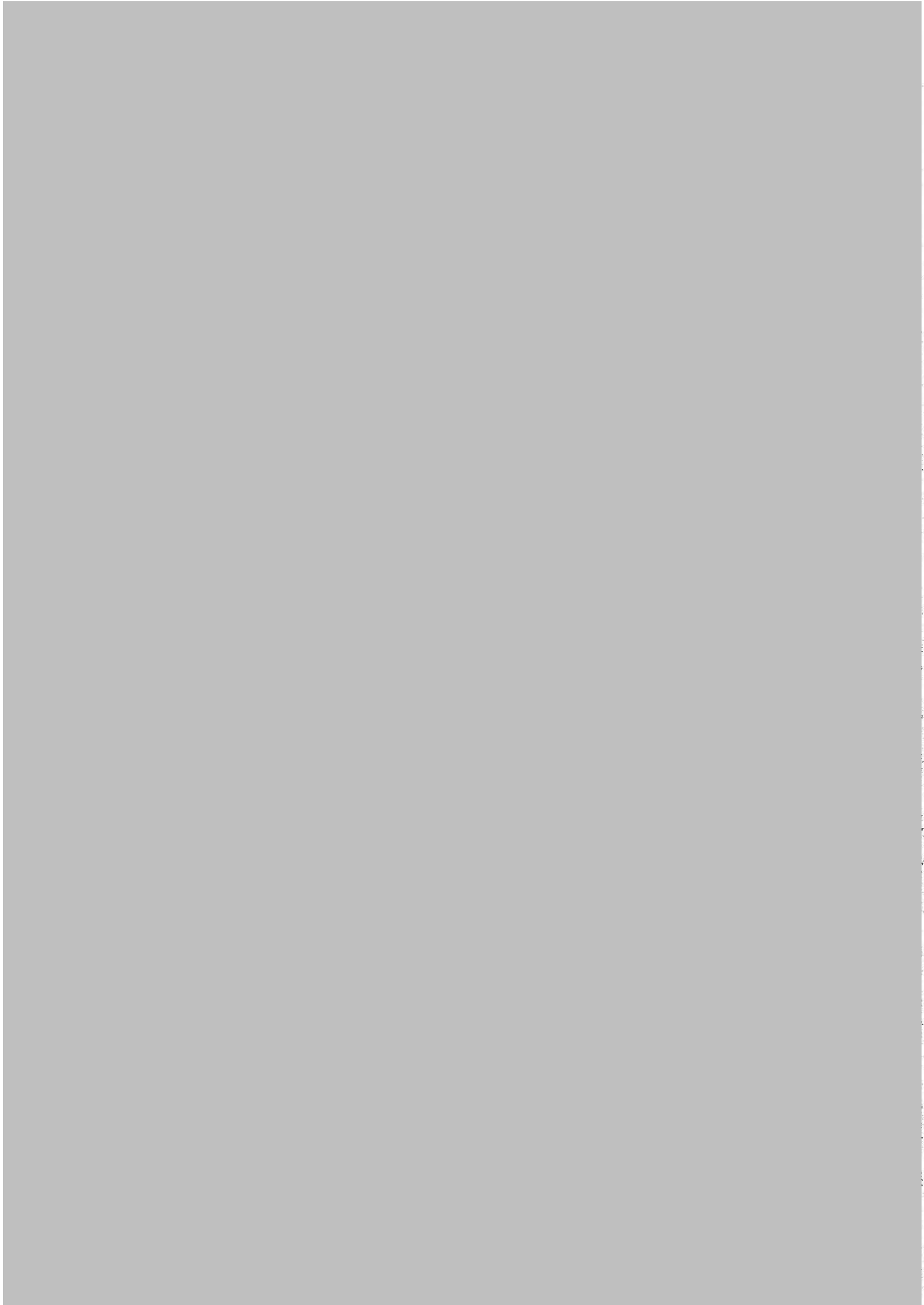
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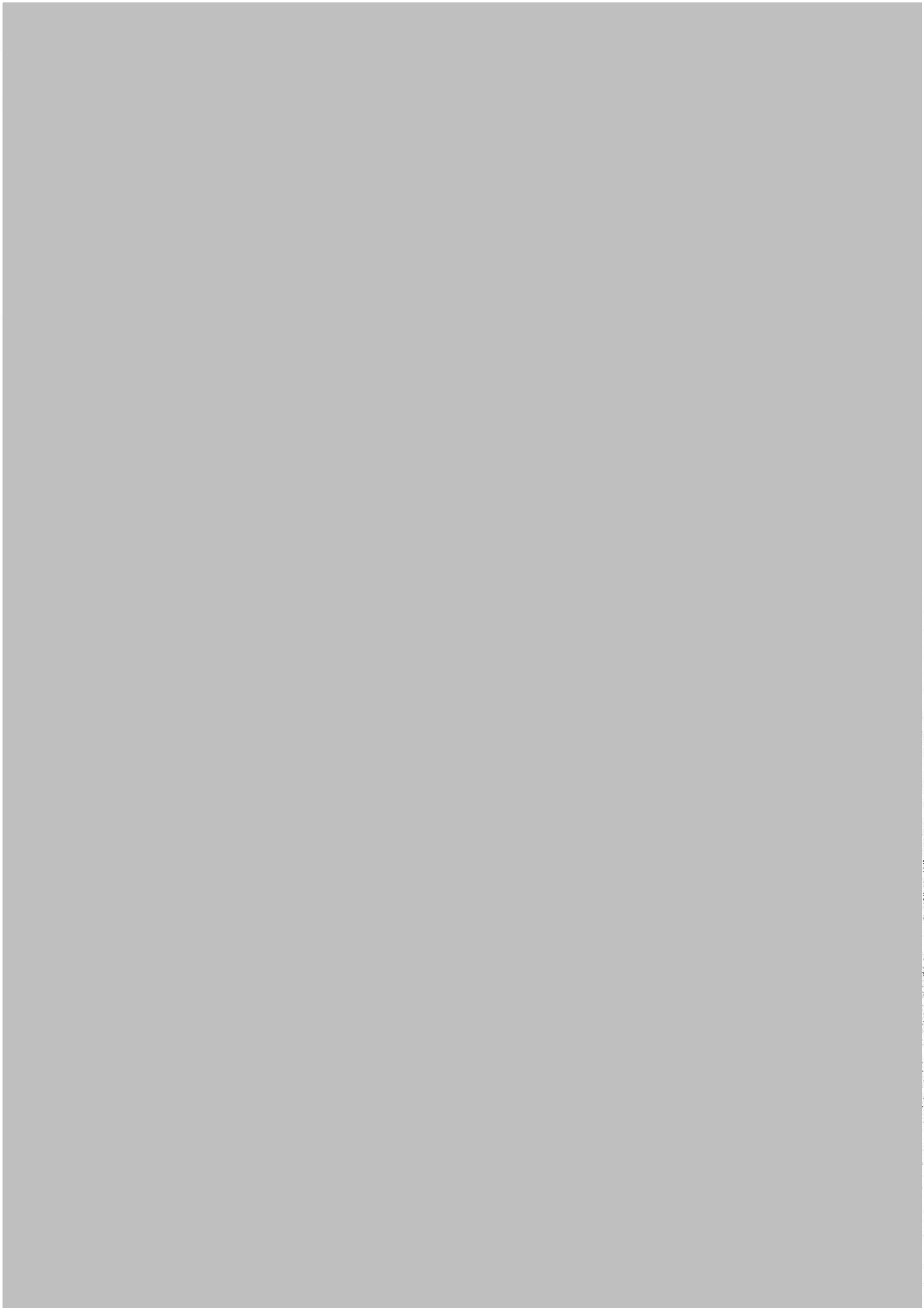












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the 1990s, the government has been able to reduce the number of people who are uninsured from 10.5 million in 1990 to 6.5 million in 2000. The number of people who are covered by private health insurance has increased from 10.5 million in 1990 to 15.5 million in 2000.

There are several reasons why the government has been able to reduce the number of people who are uninsured. One reason is that the government has been able to increase the number of people who are covered by private health insurance. This has been done by expanding the scope of private health insurance to include more people, such as self-employed workers and those who are not covered by their employer's health insurance plan.

Another reason why the government has been able to reduce the number of people who are uninsured is that it has been able to increase the number of people who are covered by public health insurance. This has been done by expanding the scope of public health insurance to include more people, such as those who are not covered by private health insurance and those who are not covered by their employer's health insurance plan.

There are several reasons why the government has been able to increase the number of people who are covered by private health insurance. One reason is that the government has been able to reduce the cost of private health insurance. This has been done by increasing the number of people who are covered by private health insurance, which has led to a larger risk pool and lower costs per person.

Another reason why the government has been able to increase the number of people who are covered by private health insurance is that it has been able to increase the number of people who are covered by their employer's health insurance plan. This has been done by expanding the scope of employer-sponsored health insurance to include more people, such as self-employed workers and those who are not covered by their employer's health insurance plan.

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The first part of the document discusses the importance of maintaining accurate records of all transactions. It emphasizes that every entry, no matter how small, should be recorded to ensure the integrity of the financial data. This includes not only sales and purchases but also expenses and income. The document provides a detailed list of items that should be tracked, such as inventory levels, customer orders, and supplier deliveries. It also outlines the procedures for recording these transactions, including the use of specific forms and the assignment of responsibilities to different staff members.

The second part of the document focuses on the analysis of the recorded data. It describes various methods for identifying trends and anomalies in the financial performance. This includes comparing current data with historical trends, as well as benchmarking against industry standards. The document also discusses the importance of regular reviews and reports to management, highlighting the need for transparency and accountability in the reporting process. It provides examples of key performance indicators (KPIs) that should be monitored and explained the reasons behind any significant deviations from the expected results.

The final part of the document offers practical advice on how to improve the efficiency and accuracy of the financial recording process. It suggests implementing automation tools where possible to reduce manual errors and streamline data entry. It also emphasizes the importance of training staff members on the correct procedures and the consequences of inaccurate reporting. The document concludes by reiterating the overall goal of maintaining a clear and accurate financial record to support informed decision-making and long-term business success.

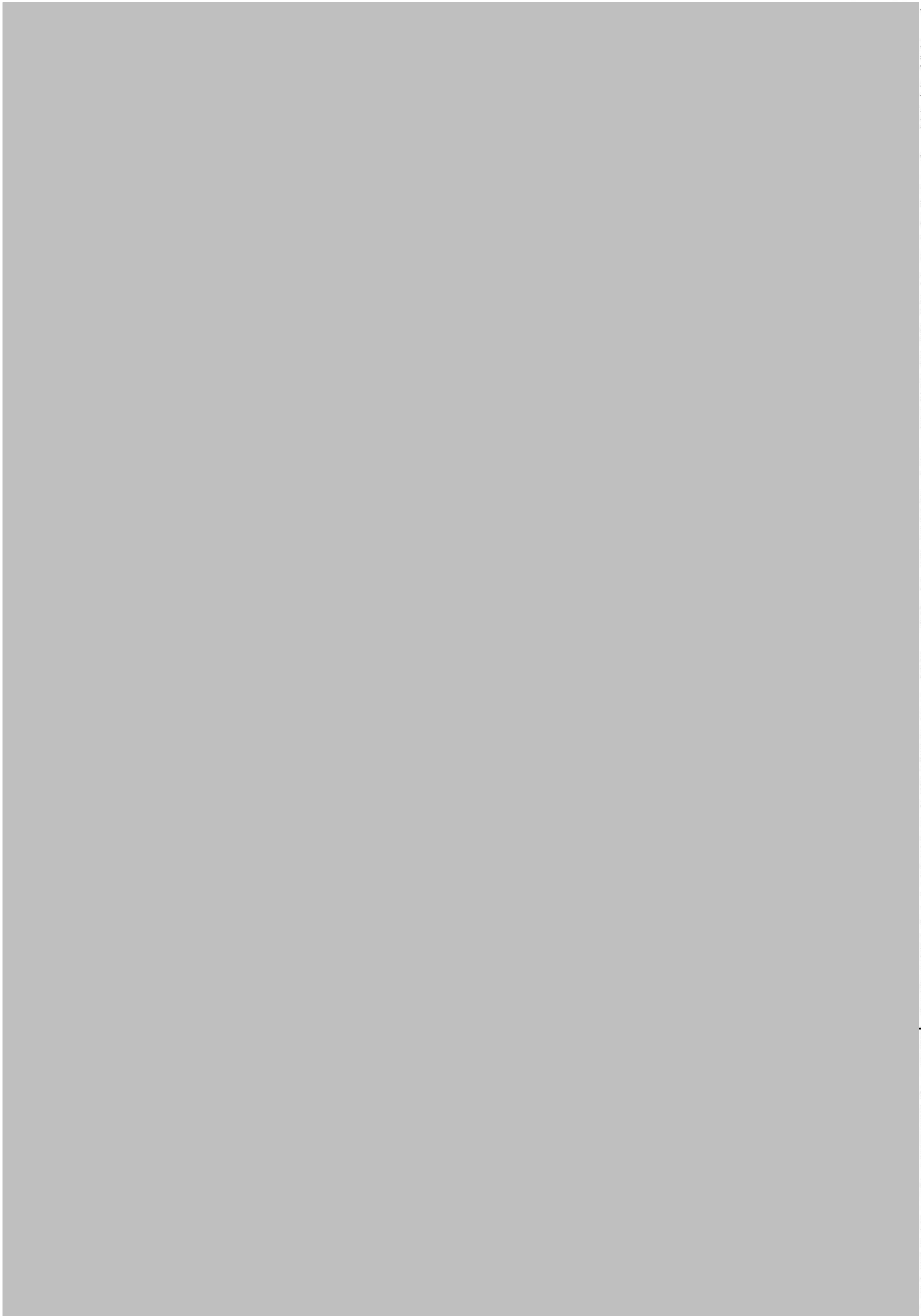


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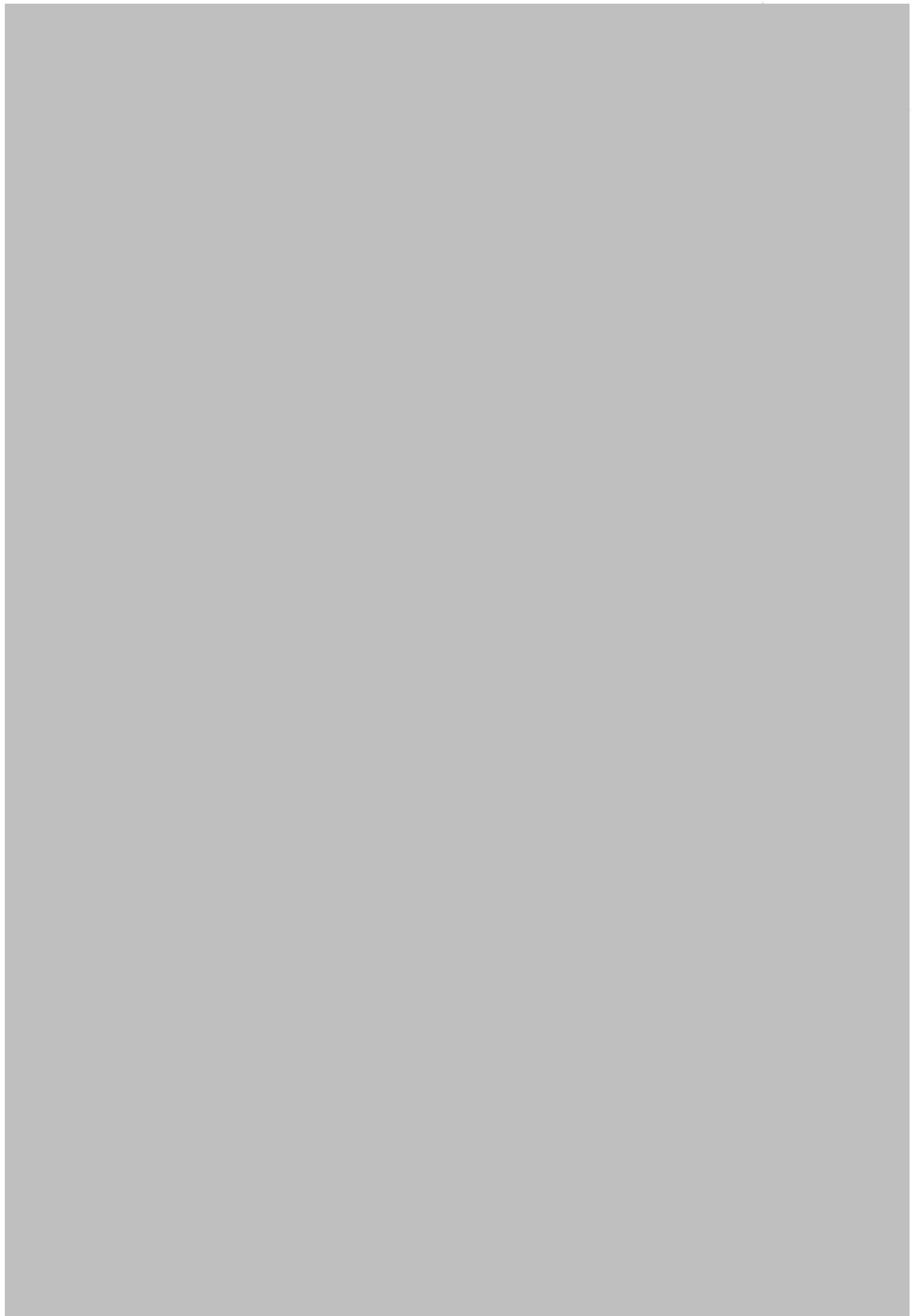
The second part of the document focuses on the analysis of the financial data. It explains how to calculate key financial ratios and metrics, such as the gross profit margin, operating profit margin, and return on investment. These metrics are used to evaluate the company's performance and identify areas for improvement. The document also discusses the importance of comparing the company's performance to industry benchmarks and competitors. This helps to provide context and identify trends in the market.

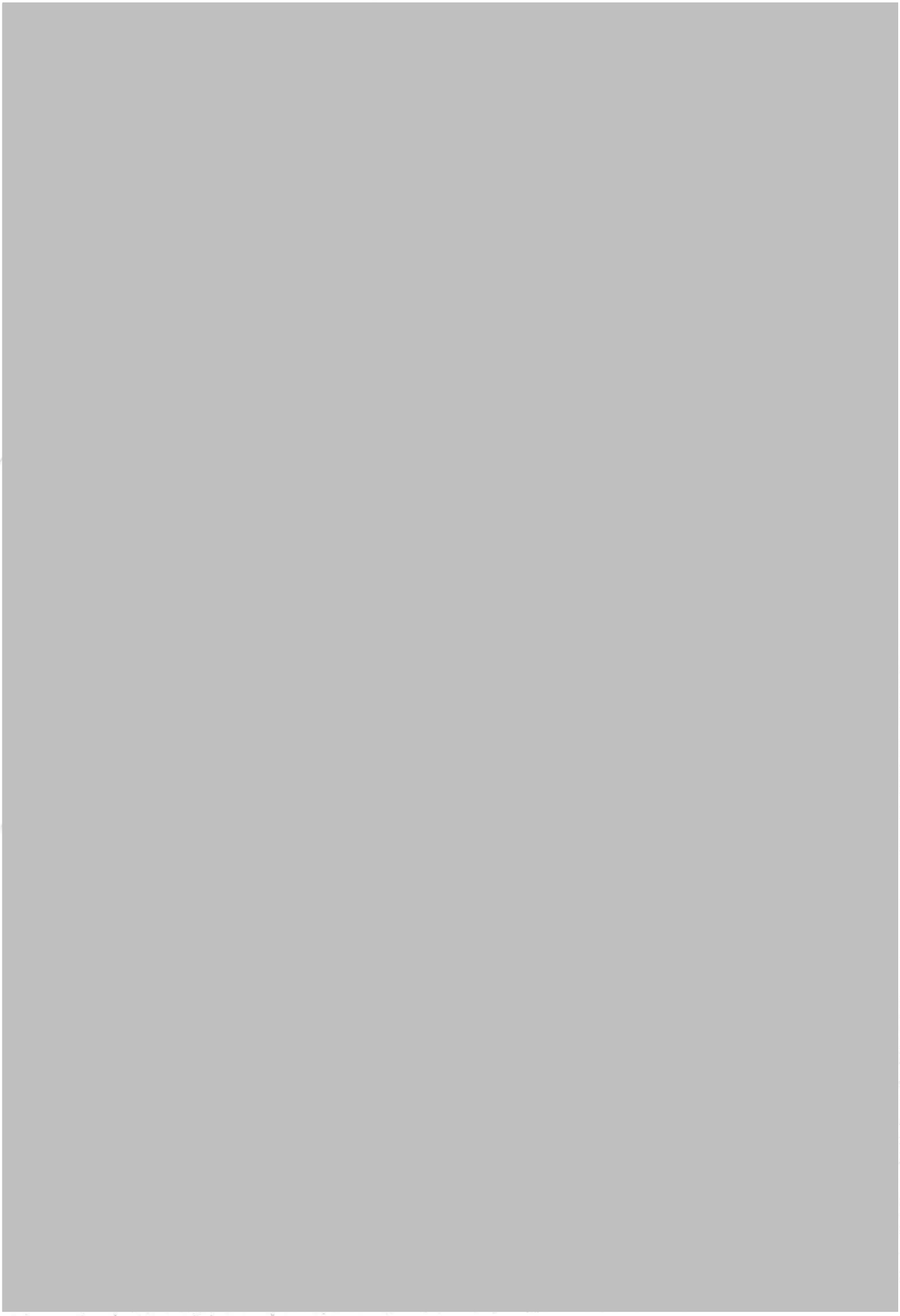
The third part of the document addresses the issue of financial reporting. It explains the different types of financial statements, including the balance sheet, income statement, and cash flow statement. It also discusses the requirements for preparing these statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The document provides a step-by-step guide to the reporting process, from gathering the data to preparing the final statements. It also emphasizes the importance of transparency and accuracy in financial reporting, as well as the need to disclose any potential risks or uncertainties.

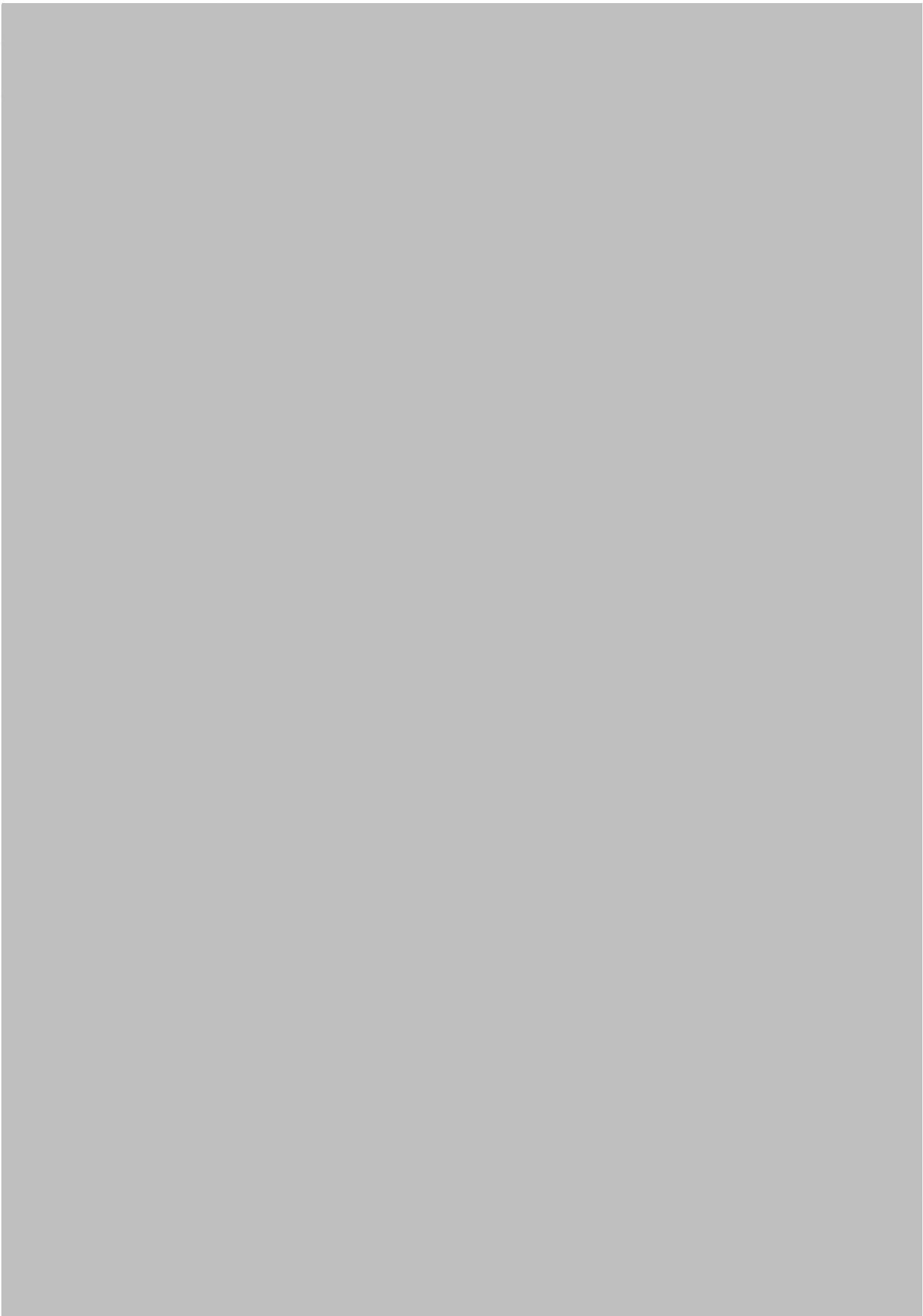
The final part of the document discusses the role of the financial manager in the overall business strategy. It explains how the financial manager is responsible for ensuring that the company has sufficient funds to meet its obligations and invest in growth opportunities. It also discusses the importance of managing risk and ensuring that the company's financial position is sound. The document concludes by emphasizing the need for ongoing monitoring and evaluation of the company's financial performance, as well as the need to adapt to changing market conditions.

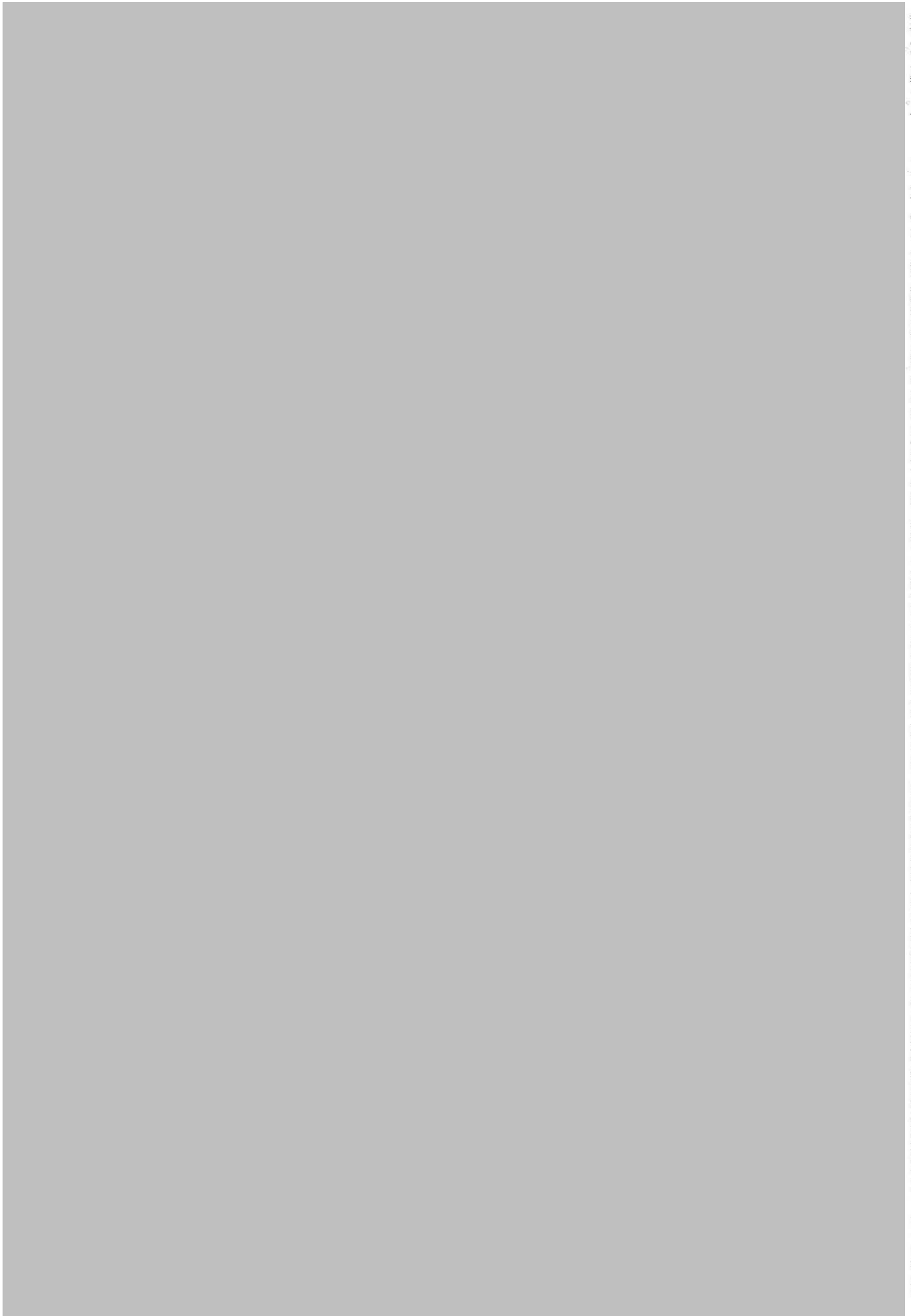




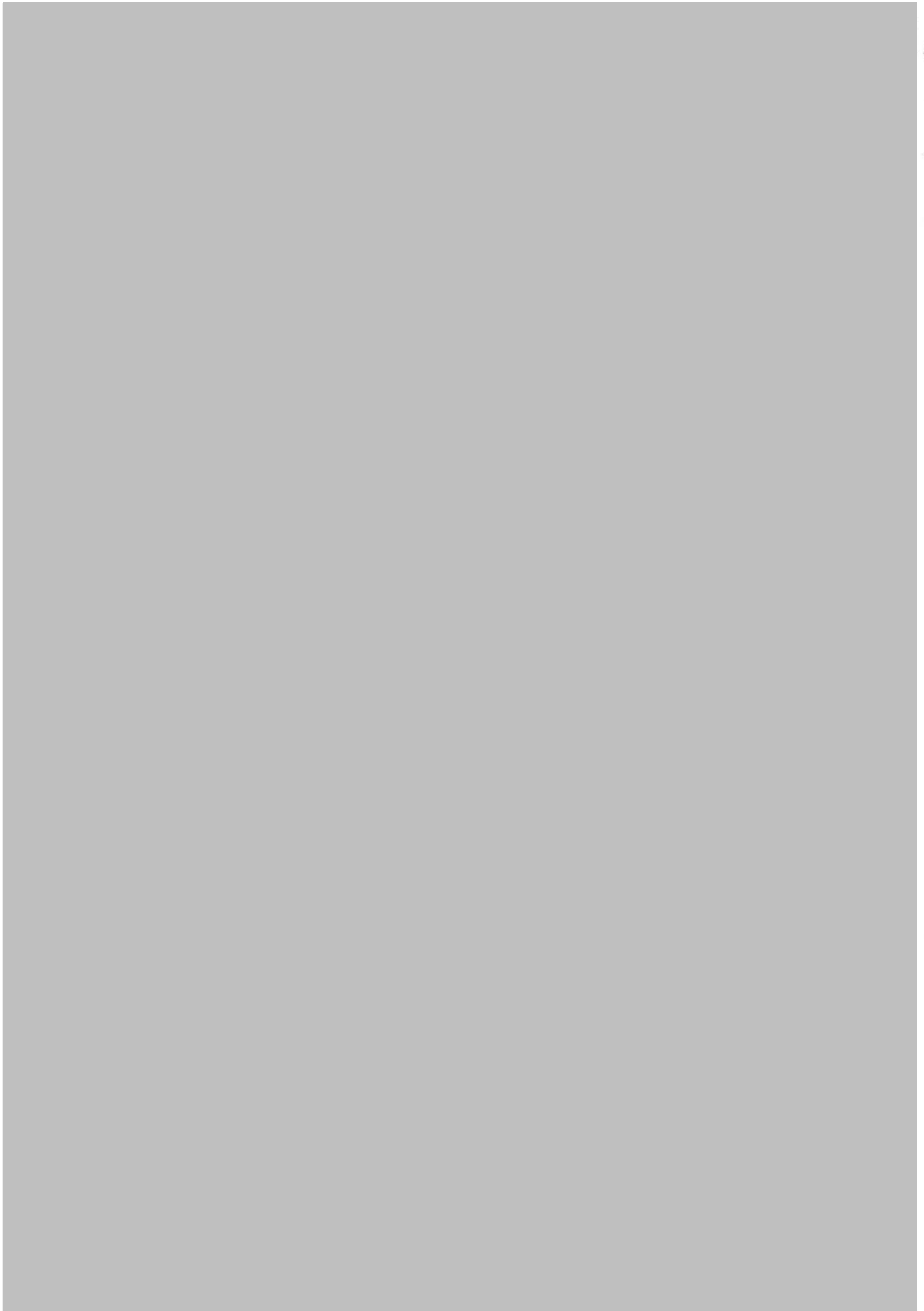












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